**AUXILIARY PRODUCTS** 

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 1/9

# Safety data sheet

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: 58661

Product name AUXILIARY PRODUCTS 58661 Strog solvent for restoration

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

ntended use Thinner.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name INDUSTRIA MAIMERI S.P.A.

Full address Via Gianni Maimeri, 1

District and Country 20060 Mediglia (MI)

Italia

Tel. +39 02 906981 Fax +39 02 90698999

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet schedesicurezza@maimeri.it

Product distribution by INDUSTRIA MAIMERI S.P.A. VIA G.MAIMERI 1 20060 BETTOLINO DI MEDIGLIA

(MI) ITALY

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Australia: 131126

USA: 1800 222 1222

Regno Unito NHS Direct (UK): +44 (0) 845 46 47

#### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification.**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

#### 2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

### 2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments.

Danger Symbols: F

R phrases: 11-52/53-66

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Item Numbers: 01565-1224 Page 1 of 9

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 2/9

#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification. ... / >>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P101 P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P501 Dispose of contents / container to in accordance with local and national norms. . .

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available

# SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

#### Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

ISOAMYL ACETATE

CAS. 628-63-7 54 - 58 R10, R66, Note C Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Note C

EC. 211-047-3 INDEX. 607-130-00-2

Reg. no. 01-2119491285-32 2-methyl butyl acetate

CAS. 624-41-9 25,5 - 27 R10, R66, Note C Flam. Lig. 3 H226, EUH066, Note C

EC. 210-843-8 INDEX. 607-130-00-2

White Spirit

CAS.

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066, Note P 8,5 - 10 R10, R66, R67, Xn R65, N R51/53, Note P FC 919-446-0

INDEX. -

Reg. no. 01-2119458049-33

**ETHANOL** 

64-17-5 F R11 CAS. 5 - 6 Flam. Liq. 2 H225

EC. 200-578-6 INDEX. 603-002-00-5

01-2119457610-43

Reg. no. ISOAMYL ACETATE

CAS. 123-92-2 4 - 4,5 R10, R66, Note C Flam. Liq. 3 H226, EUH066, Note C

204-662-3 FC INDEX. 607-130-00-2

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $T+= Very\ Toxic(T+),\ T=Toxic(T),\ Xn=Harmful(Xn),\ C=Corrosive(C),\ Xi=Irritant(Xi),\ O=Oxidizing(O),\ E=Explosive(E),\ F+=Extremely\ Flammable(F+),\ F=Highly\ Flammable(F),\ N=Dangerous\ for\ the\ Environment(N)$ 

## SECTION 4. First aid measures.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

No episodes of harm to the staff authorised to use the product have been reported. The following general measures should be adopted as necessary:

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

EYES and SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. In the event of persistent irritation, get medical advice/attention.

Page 2 of 9 Item Numbers: 01565-1224

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 3/9

#### SECTION 4. First aid measures. ... / >>

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No episodes of damage to health ascribable to the product have been reported.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING FOUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10.

Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

#### SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Item Numbers: 01565-1224

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 4/9

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended).

Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.

OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC.

**TLV-ACGIH** ACGIH 2012

				ETH	IANOL	
Threshold Limit	Threshold Limit Value.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	UK	1920	1000			
OEL	IRL				1000	
TLV-ACGIH				1884	1000	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category I (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in latex, PVC or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure. EYE PROTECTION

Use of protective airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166) recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (if available) for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an AX or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of respiratory tract protection equipment, such as masks like that indicated above, is necessary to reduce worker exposure in the absence of technical measures. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour characteristic Odour threshold. Not available.

Item Numbers: 01565-1224

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 5 / 9

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties. .../>>

pH.

Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. 23 **Evaporation Rate** Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 0,1 Kq/I Solubility Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity Not available. Explosive properties Not available. Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC) : 14,90 % - 131,12 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon) : 12,50 % - 110,04 g/litre.

#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

ETHANOL: risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, alkaline oxides, calcium hypochlorite, sulphur monofluoride, acetic anhydride (with acids), concentrated hydrogen peroxide, perchlorates, perchloric acid, perchloronitrile, mercury nitrate, nitric acid, silver and nitric acid, silver nitrate, silver nitrate and ammonia, silver oxide and ammonia, strong oxidising agents, nitrogen dioxide. Can react dangerously with: bromoacetylene, chlorine acetylene, bromine trifluoride, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, oxiranes, fluorine, potassium tert-butoxide, lithium hydride, phosphorus trioxide, black platinum, zirconium (IV) chloride, zirconium (IV) iodide. Forms an explosive mixture with the air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

According to currently available data, this product has not yet produced health damages. Anyway, it must be handled carefully according to good industrial practices. This product may have slight health effects on sensitive people, by inhalation and/or cutaneous absorption and/or contact with eyes and/or ingestion.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

White Spirit LD50 (Oral). LD50 (Dermal).

> 5000 mg/Kg > 4 mg/Kg

EPY 8.1.21 - SDS 1003

Item Numbers: 01565-1224 Page 5 of 9

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 6/9

#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information. ... / >>

**ETHANOL** LD50 (Oral). LC50 (Inhalation).

1501 mg/kg Rat 5,9 mg/l/6h Rat

#### **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity.

White Spirit

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. < 30 mg/l EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. < 22 mg/l EC50 (72h) - for Crustacea. < 10 mg/l

**ETHANOL** 

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 2029 mg/l Alga ( BUTANONE; Nr. CAS 78-93-3 ) EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 2993 mg/l pesce (BUTANONE;Nr.CAS 78-93-3)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Item Numbers: 01565-1224

**AUXILIARY PRODUCTS** 

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 7/9

### SECTION 14. Transport information. .../>>

#### Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class: UN: 1263

Packing Group: Label: Nr. Kemler: 33 Limited Quantity.

Tunnel restriction code.

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Special Provision: 640C

#### Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group: П Label: 3 EMS: F-E , <u>S-E</u>

Marine Pollutant. NO

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### Transport by air:

IATA: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group: Ш Label: 3

Cargo: Packaging instructions: 364

Maximum quantity: Pass.: 5 L 353 Maximum quantity:

Packaging instructions: A3, A72 Special Instructions:

PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper Shipping Name:



60 I

### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. 7b

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 689/2008:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Information not available.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

Page 7 of 9

#### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 8/9

### **SECTION 16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Flammable liquid, category 3 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour.

H226

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 H411

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

**R10** 

FLAMMABLE. HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. R11

TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC R51/53

ENVIRONMENT.

R52/53 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

**R65** 

ENVIRONMENT.
HARMFUL: MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED.
REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING. **R66** 

VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS. R67

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNFL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation.

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments

### **AUXILIARY PRODUCTS**

58661 Strog solvent for restoration

Revision nr.1 Dated 3/9/2014 Printed on 3/9/2014 Page n. 9 / 9

### SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 9. Handling Chemical Safety
- 10. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 11. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 12. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 13. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 14. ECHA website

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02/03/04/05/06/07/08/09/10/11/12/13/14/15/16.

Page 9 of 9